

# ADVANCED TIMING & CALCULATIONS - ALPINE 2017-2018

## **STUDY GUIDE**

This Study Guide is intended as an educational and review aid for individuals interested in alpine officiating. Downloading, printing and reading the Study Guide must not be substituted for actual attendance at a U.S.-approved Clinic or used as a replacement for actual instruction at any Alpine Officials'-approved Clinic.

PLEASE NOTE: The Chief of Timing and Calculations is responsible for <u>supervising</u>, <u>documenting</u> and <u>enforcing</u> the quality control of actual timing and results; the purpose of this Clinic is refinement of the skills required by the position. With the exception of lower-level events where availability of personnel makes it necessary, the Chief of Timing and Calculations should not also be the individual operating the electronic timing equipment or the timing/race result software. However, training the use of timing equipment and/or timing/result software will result in higher qualified officials, so it should be included in the curriculum. In an effort to address this issue, materials have been made available for a Timing Operations Workshop that can be used to facilitate this addition.

#### **REFERENCE PUBLICATIONS:**

- 1. U.S. Ski & Snowboard Alpine Competition Regulations (ACR)
- 2. <u>ICR</u> of the FIS, Online Edition
- 3. Rules of the FIS Points
- 4. U.S. Alpine Officials' Manual
- 5. FIS "Timing Booklet" (most current version available on FIS website)

#### **CERTIFICATION EXAMINATION:**

Advanced Timing & Calculations (Level 3) Certification Examination will be available at U.S.-approved Alpine Officials' Clinics. Allowed time limit is 2.5 hours. The examination is open book and, unless an exception is granted by the respective AO Chair, it must be administered only at scheduled Clinics. It is <u>NOT A TAKE-HOME EXAM</u>. Allowing the use of computers for the calculation sections is <u>STRONGLY</u> <u>DISCOURAGED</u>! Completed examinations are to be retained by the Clinic examiners; they are not returned to the individuals taking them. Please refer to Regional/Divisional/State publications for schedules. *The Study Guide is not intended as a replacement for taking notes or for use during an open-book examination at any Alpine Officials'-approved Clinic*.

If you have problems with this Study Guide or have suggestions for improvements, please contact the current Chair of the Alpine Officials' Education Working Group. Thank you.

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#### U.S. SKI & SNOWBOARD

# ADVANCED TIMING & CALCULATIONS - ALPINE 2017-2018

There is much information available to us - no one can possibly know it all. What we SHOULD know is WHERE to find it. Most of the sections of this Study Guide require research by the user. This research will aid in `the ability to understand the layout of applicable rule books/publications and will reinforce their content.

**NOTE:** The U.S. Ski & Snowboard Schedule Agreement and ACR 203.2, requires that the Chief of Timing & Calculations be appropriately certified for their position; certification requires Alpine Official Membership. In addition, the Chief of Timing & Calculations for National Championship, NorAm Cup and World Cup events **should** be certified as a Level 3 or higher Chief of Timing & Calculations.

#### **REFERENCE DOCUMENTS:**

The following reference items can be found at the end of this Study Guide, in "Miscellaneous Study Guide Forms" or on the FIS website. Document numbering is not sequential because it agrees with numbering in the "Master Packet of Forms" (MPF). The MPF has been updated for season 2017-2018 and can be found on the U.S. Ski & Snowboard website. It is suggested that forms be printed for easy reference while using the Study Guide.

42.	Timing Checklist
	FIS List Cover Page (U.S./FIS websites)
39.	FIS Penalty Calculation Form

FIS "Timing Booklet" (Misc. Study Guide Forms & FIS website)

29.-33. Replacement Time (Hand) Time of Day (TOD) EET Simplified Example/Form

#### I. Focus of this Study Guide is primarily FIS-level events

A. Regional FIS

- B. Nor-Am (Continental Cup)
- C. World Cup, World Championship and Olympic Winter Games

#### **II.** Characteristics of Events

- A. Competitors are top level racers
- B. Team Captains are highly astute and knowledgeable professionals
  Depending on type and level of event, 1 or 2 Team Captains may be appointed to serve as
  Connection Coaches. Connection Coaches:
  Serve as liaison between all Team Captains and the Jury
  Serve as on-hill "Eyes of the Jury"
  May supervise yellow flag zones in DH and SG
  Have voice but no vote in Jury matters/decisions

#### C. Organizing Committee is committed to a quality event

- 1. Media exposure means that any statement can be news
- 2. Financial commitment entails large \$ sponsors

- 3. Technical Delegate, Referee, and Assistant Referee as appointed by the Technical Delegate (speed events only) [601.2.3, 601.4]
- D. Organizing Committee (Organizing Committee is highly experienced and qualified
- E. Race Jury
  - 1. World Cup: FIS Chief Race Director and FIS Race Director serve as Referee and Assistant Referee for all events both speed and technical [601.2.1]
  - 2. World Championships and Olympic Winter Games: All Jury members, including Start and Finish Referee, are appointed by FIS and have voting rights [601.2.2]
  - 3. In all other races\* the Technical Delegate appoints the Referee and for Downhill and Super G, the Assistant Referee [601.2.3]
  - 4. By appointment, the above become members of the Organizing Committee [601.2.4]

\*Referee, Assistant Referee and Course Setters are appointed by Nor-Am Cup Committee for Nor-Am Cup events. These officials are also appointed by U.S. for Championship events.

- F. Additional support officials, as required, have a high level of certification, knowledge and experience
- G. Professional Timing Company and Timing System Requirements [611]
- H. FIS Computer Company
  - 1. FIS Points
    - a. Validity (4.2.4 the current season)
    - b. Rule Observance (1.1 not observed; race not scored)
    - c. FIS List (5.1 FIS List is only available electronically
    - d. FIS Points may only be corrected by FIS Bureau. FIS Points marked "C" on FIS website version of FIS Points List are verified as being "confirmed".
  - 2. NorAm Cup Points are used for seeding of the first group of fifteen (15). They are updated after each event. \* (Due to greater number of athletes qualified for Europa Cup, different procedures apply for Europa Cup, e.g.: 30 in first group/special group = 450 points.)
    - a. Entry to NorAm Cup events are quota controlled.
    - b. Overall 400-point holders from prior and current season are seeded at 16th position
    - c. Overall 400-point holders who were injured and unable to utilize special seeding during previous season may use it at the first 3 races of the following season. This is valid for a maximum of <u>3 starts irrespective of the events</u>.
    - d. Overall 400-point holders are followed by entered competitors ranked within the top 30 of the FIS points list for the respective event.
  - World Cup Points are used to seed first group of thirty (30); updated after each event. \*
     a. Overall 500-point holders from among top 30 WCSL present are seeded at 16th position

b. Overall 500-point holders from remainder of field are seeded no later than 31st position **\*Refer to current Continental Cup Rules and World Cup Rules if more detail is required.** 

#### III. What is SCORING?

A. Dimensions of scoring are:

To ensure that ALL scoring functions come together and function as a unit: Classic <u>ICR</u> descriptions are found as follows: Chief of Timing & Calculations [601.3.6]

- 1. Chief Timekeeper [612.4]
- 2. Assistant Timekeepers (Manual/Hand Timekeepers) [612.5]
- 3. Finish Controller [612.6]
- 4. Chief of Calculation [612.7] (When appointed.)
- B. Scoring interacts with:
  - 1. Timing Company
  - 2. Scoring Computer Company
  - 3. Announcer
    - a. A run or race that is rescheduled for a later time slot on the same day is delayed
    - b. A run or race that is rescheduled to a different date *within the series* is **postponed**
    - c. A run or race that is *started but cannot be completed* is **terminated**. *There is no set number that has to start or finish. If even one forerunner has started and the Jury determines that the event cannot continue, it is a "terminated" event.*
    - d. A run or race that cannot be rescheduled *within the* series is **canceled**\*; cancellation of an event vacates the U.S. race code/FIS codex and invalidates the event liability insurance.
    - e. Announcer should be available to announce competitors' *unofficial* times.
    - f. Announcer should be available to announce DSQ's. When an announcer is announcing *unofficial* times, DSQ competitor data announcement can replace posting of Report by the Referee. Team Captains must be notified beforehand if announcement of DSQ information is going to replace actual posting. [617.2.2]
  - 4. Race Secretariat/Race Administrator

Due to requirements for preparation of accurate event documentation (these are all legal documents), it is strongly suggested that the Race Administrator not also assume the event-related duties and responsibilities of the Chief of Timing and Calculations.

- 5. Press Chief
- 6. Technical Delegate
  - a. Verifies timely synchronization of timing equipment
  - b. Verifies accuracy of Official Results and Penalty
  - c. Verifies accuracy and signs "FIS Timing & Data Technical Report Form" prior to its electronic transmission to FIS
- 7. Referee (Report by the Referee).
  - a. Chief of Timing or Assistant should track/enter NPS, DNS and DNF bib numbers on the Report by the Referee
  - b. Chief of Timing should meet with Referee (and Assistant Referee for speed events) and assist with entering DSQ competitor data, e.g.: Name, team, Gate Judge name, type of fault/ rule.

- 8. NPS Not Permitted to Start: A competitor will not be permitted to start (NPS) in any FIS competition who does not wear a crash helmet that conforms to the Specifications for Competition Equipment (606.4), or does not have ski brakes on their skis (606.3), *does not wear or carry an official start number according to the rules (606.1).* [627, 627.2, 627.6] An "official start number" refers to any bib issued by the local event organizer; this includes replacement bibs furnished by the Start Referee.
- 9. Recording "NPS" Situation U.S. and FIS Events
  - a. Due to rule(s) violation(s), athlete is not permitted to start; this could apply to either run of a 2run event and must be noted on the Start Referee's Report; Jury must be advised.
  - b. If the old Report by the Referee is being used, "NPS" data should be noted in "DSQ" portion of Report by the Referee as required.
  - c. If new Report by the Referee posted on the U.S. Ski & Snowboard website in the MPF is being used, the athlete's status is recorded in NPS section; bib#, name, club/nation and reason (in "Note" section).
  - d. If the new Report by the Referee posted on the FIS website is being used, a section is provided for documenting bib #'s of athletes who fit the designation of "NPS".
  - d. Applicable rule number(s) must be noted for results
  - e. Software will include "NPS" designation
  - f. Technical Delegate must verify accuracy of Official Results and Penalty posted on U.S./FIS websites.

**NOTE:** Due to force majeure, the Technical Delegate may prepare, sign and post the Report by the Referee or may assign this duty to another official. A Report by the Referee signed by the Technical Delegate or designee is valid.

- 10. Jury
  - a. In cases of system malfunctions, e.g. timing systems, Jury allows provisional reruns
  - b. In cases of doubt, Jury allows provisional reruns not based on system malfunctions
  - c. In cases of doubt, Jury allows provisional starts
  - d. Confirms validity of provisional starts and provisional reruns
  - e. Establishes start intervals for GS, SG, and DH and communicates the intervals (fixed/regular) to Chief of Timing or assistant.
  - f. In cooperation with Chief of Timing or assistant, establishes start intervals for Slalom (non-fixed/irregular)
  - g. In accordance with rules regarding minimum start intervals, establishes start intervals for Giant Slalom, Super G, Downhill Training and Downhill
  - h. Confirms start intervals for Giant Slalom, Super G and Downhill and communicates any changes with Chief of Timing or assistant
- 11. Provides instruction to manual/hand timekeeping crew in order to provide required manual timekeeping that is consistent and accurate
- C. QUALITY Establish confidence in "Real Time" timing/scoring presentations
  - 1. Familiarize yourself with available timing systems: Start, Finish, Net Time
  - 2. Verify scoreboard is available with: Bib #'s, Names, Unofficial Times
  - 3. Verify location of intermediate timing points
  - 4. Verify location and accuracy of video displays
  - 5. Furnish progress reports to media with respect for deadlines

- 6. Document NPS, DNS and DNF on Report by the Referee and be available to verify NPS and DSQ competitor data, e.g.: Bib, Name, Team
- 7. Aid in preparation of accurate official reports according to format

#### IV. Initial Actions of Scoring are:

- A. Establish presence with the following:
  - 1. Secretariat: Verify Race Administrator is using updated race result software, current/applicable Points List(s) and confirmed technical data, etc.
  - 2. Timing Company: Verify use of homologated timing equipment
  - 3. Scoring Computer Operations: Verify scoring software has been updated and is compatible with race result software
  - 4. Chief of Manual/Hand Timing: Verify availability of supplies, equipment and knowledge of procedures
  - 5. Technical Delegate
    - a. Confirm timely synchronization of timekeeping equipment: electronic & manual
    - b. Prepare Timing & Data Technical Report (TDTR) for Technical Delegate's review/signature
    - c. Oversee electronic transmission of Timing & Data Technical Report to FIS
    - d. Provide consistency and accuracy
    - e. Be available to verify all official times
- B. Facilities and Schedules
  - 1. Verify schedule for Team Captains' Meeting
  - 2. Verify schedule for creating seed board
  - 3. Verify location of Press Room and identify press room liaison personnel
  - 4. Verify location and availability of results reproduction facilities
  - 5. Inspect Finish Building and Finish Line/Finish Area [615.2] a. Finish Photocells: Are they approved?
    - b. Width between Finish Posts
      1.) DH and SG finish line dimensions no less than approximately 15 m\*
      - 2.) SL and GS finish line dimensions no less than approximately 10 m\*
      - 3.) Line is marked horizontally with a coloring substance so that it is clearly visible to the approaching competitor
      - 4.) Timing equipment/competitor security installation
        \*Distance is between finish posts/banners not length of finish line. Timing posts must also adhere to these measurements.
  - Start Area, Start Facilities and Start Gate/Area specifications [FIS "Timing Booklet 2.54"]
     a. Homologated Start Gates
    - b. Dimensions
      - 1.) Width: Support posts should be 50 80 cm apart
      - 2.) Wand should be mounted approximately 35 50 cm from the snow

- c. Start Wand Installation
  - 1.) Description: small diameter fiberglass rod
  - 2.) Mounting
    - a.) Only one wand is permitted
    - b.) Wand cannot be so stiff that it could cause injury or not break, but must be stiff enough to eliminate false starts
    - c.) Wand must stay open once it is triggered; auto return wands are not permitted
    - d.) Duplicate start wand must be on hand for replacement purposes
    - e.) Mounted horizontally above the starting line and at an elevation that places it at or below a racer's knees
    - f.) Mounted on a hinge. As the racer propels forward across the starting line, the wand is forced to swing forward and to the side by the racer's leg. Placement of start gate must be marked on the support posts.
    - g.) Replacement must be with identical gate, at same position and with same rotation
    - h.) If two start gates are used in concert, they must be solidly mounted on same physical bracket. Both mechanisms and box must be stiffly connected together.

# NOTE: Refer to current FIS Timing Guide for information regarding angular range and accuracy of the start wand.

- 3.) Starting Gate
  - a.) Minimum of 2 electrically isolated contacts activated by 1 wand.
  - b.) Timing wires must be connected to separate start gate contacts using separate connections.
  - c.) Wand must be installed so that starting is impossible without it opening.
  - d.) Exact replacement gate must be available, if required
- 4.) Communication
  - a.) Wiring between the start wand and the timekeeper's booth is generally available through another pair or wires or is piggybacked onto an existing pair usually backup.
  - b.) A headset may be plugged into a jack at the start so that the Starter can be in constant voice communication with the timing room
- 7. Accompany Jury on course inspection and check for the following:
  - a. Location of "yellow flag" zones and "blind" areas. FIS is reviewing language regarding yellow flag zones. Possible change may include Giant Slalom as an event requiring use of yellow flags. At this time, this is a Jury decision.
  - b. Location and staffing of intermediate timing positions

#### V. Questions You Need to Ask:

- A. Are all entries in? Are all entries on the Board? (*This is important for DHT where rules require that all qualified competitors be entered and drawn in all training runs.*)
- B. What computer-scoring program is being used and has it been updated? Is the operator familiar/comfortable with its use?

- C. Does it meet the requirements of 611.3.5 which requires that computer software that calculates net times must use precision of ToD as used in the timing device?
- D. Is the correct and current Points List available?
- E. Is the scoring computer up to date on entries?
- F. Have all the preliminary reports been prepared?
- G. What is preparation status of timing facilities? (Refer to #42. Timing Checklist)
- H. Has all of the required header data been entered in the race file?
- I. What timing equipment is being used? Is the operator familiar/comfortable with its use?
- J. What system will be used to transfer data between results computer and timing
  - 1. Transfer of race file which does not allow the RA to perform race data editing during race
  - 2. Transfer of timing file which involves only bib numbers and times and does allow for race data editing
  - 3. Verify transfer process: email, cloud, thumb drive or runner
- K. What start gate is being used?
- L. What finish photocells are being used? Photo Finish timing has been approved for use at FIS events for *backup purpose*. FIS has established criteria for photo finish systems, and they must be followed (see current edition of FIS "Timing Booklet"). Due to the cost of the equipment, it will mostly be used at OWG, WSC, WC levels.
- M. Are timing equipment, start gates and finish photo cells all on the homologated lists? [611.2]

# NOTE: All timekeeping equipment <u>MUST</u> meet stipulated standards. Use of equipment that does not meet standards will result in an event not being considered (scored).

N. Are requirements for electronic data transmission of Official Results and Penalty – wireless or network – in place?

It may seem that we are delving into areas of responsibility belonging to other officials; however, it is necessary to be sure that the interfaces are going to function smoothly and efficiently. There is not enough time to try to fix things while the competition is in operation. Since the Chief of Timing & Calculations or Scoring should evaluate these interfaces and take whatever action is necessary to get the job done without sacrificing QUALITY!

#### VI. Quality Assurance Actions

A. Team Captains' Meeting, Seeding and the Draw. According to U.S. and FIS rules, the draw must be conducted (or confirmed) at a Team Captains' Meeting. An actual meeting, attended in person by Team Captains, Jury, and race officials is an inseparable and mandatory part of the competition and is important for communication of Jury instructions, support of the OC, as well as conveying OC requests and information. *It is also a critical element for risk management and liability-related matters.* [Refer to 621.8, 604.3]

With the approval of the Jury and at a time and place announced to all Team Captains, and where a computer-assisted Draw has been approved or is not required (e.g. YSL where TRS by class and gender is used to determine the start order), an informational meeting is still required but may be held either immediately after the completion of a race for the next day's event or on the morning prior to a race.

For <u>all</u> Team Captains' Meetings for all U.S.-sanctioned events—both scored and non-scored, and regardless of where and when they occur, an <u>Attendance List</u> must be available and signed by everyone attending the meeting. <u>Meeting Minutes</u> must be generated and must be included in the submitted race result packet.

- 1. Keep in close touch with Secretariat
- 2. Attend Team Captains' meetings
- 3. Recheck the Seed Board before and after Draw
  - a. Verify accuracy of the Board
  - b. Verify seed-point ties are identified
  - c. Verify correct seeding of competitors entitled to 16<sup>th</sup>/31<sup>st</sup> position, if applicable (U.S. "Golden Rule", FIS NorAm & FIS World Cup)
  - d. Verify grouping of competitors without points
  - e. Verify additional special seeding groups as authorized by the Jury
- 4. Verify correct application of rule regarding "Snow Seed"?
- 5. Verify number of available Forerunners
- 6. Independently record the Draw
- Recheck the Start or Training List against the Board
   a. Verify header information against the appropriate source: Homologation file
  - b. Verify accuracy of footer information

**NOTE:** USE OF ELECTRONIC SEED BOARDS: Electronic seed boards must have the capability to <u>simultaneously and legibly</u> display the entire competition field. Simultaneous display of all competitors allows all Team Captains and officials to verify the overall accuracy as well as additions and deletions to the starting order in "real time". Using the race result software to display portions of the competition field is not acceptable.

- B. Downhill Training
  - 1. Verify all timing equipment and personnel will be in place for all training runs
  - 2. Verify accuracy of Start List in scoring computer
  - 3. Address intermediate timing considerations
    - a. Timing machine operators
    - b. Necessity of having on-hill operators
  - 4. Multiple Time Bases
    - a. Verify that score board, either electronic or paper, is available to display competitors' times
    - b. Verify that forerunners' times will not be displayed
    - c. Verify accuracy of Time-of-Day printouts

- d. Verify status of press room video displays, if available
- e. Verify status of Announcer's display, if available
- 5. Press Reports (UNOFFICIAL) Standard format not required
  - a. Establish contact with Chief of Press
  - b. Establish system for press report production and distribution
    - 1.) Verify accuracy of documents released to press
    - 2.) Keep copy of all documents released to press
    - 3.) Cooperate with electronic transmission to Press Room if no runner is available
- 6. Other Reports Accurately prepare all required reports in a timely manner
- C. Race Day Be prepared for the unexpected.
  - 1. First Run
    - a. If possible, attend Jury inspection
    - b. Verify schedule
    - c. Verify amount of 2<sup>nd</sup> Run "Bibbo" [Reverse 15? 621.11.3]
    - d. Verify synchronization checks with TD; assist with compilation of "Timing & Data Technical Report"
      - 1.) Online filing required for all FIS events. *The required program is currently available at* <u>www.data.fis-ski.com/services/timing-and-data/timing-and-data.html</u>; *it is also available at* <u>ftp.fisski.ch/Software/Programs/TimingReport/</u>. *It is available for Linux, MacOS and Windows,* (<u>XP is no longer supported</u>); and program updates will be posted on the website as required. Software will alert when an updated version is available.
      - 2.) Paper copy filing is required for all U.S. events, both scored and non-scored. *FIS* program can be used to produce a paper copy report, as required, for U.S. non-FIS events. (When the software is used for a U.S. event, presence of FIS logo is a non-issue.)

The FIS program can be used to produce a paper copy report, as required, for U.S. non-FIS events. The software does accept "National Race Code" which is used for a U.S. Race code number (alpha character + 4-digit number); "Race Codex" is left blank and either "CHI – Children" or "JUN – Junior" category must be selected. *The XML file must not be submitted to FIS for non-FIS events or to U.S. as U.S. is not currently set up to accept the timing report XML file.* 

- e. Verify course and weather data for headers and communicate the information to Race Administration
- f. Follow preparations of timing and computer operations
- g. Verify instructions for manual/hand timekeeping crew
- h. Verify measurement by wheel, tape or GPS for DH and SG has been accomplished
- i. Recheck start order in computer
- j. Plan press report production; follow plan

- k. Keep "Report by the Referee" up to date by noting bib #'s for NPS, DNS and DNF competitors
- 1. Observe timing company operations
  - 1.) Verify accuracy of time-of-day printout
  - 2.) Verify accuracy of interval timing reports prior to distribution
  - 3.) Make notes on Start List
  - 4.) Track differential between main and backup timing
  - 5.) Identify five best (lowest) point holders who start race regardless of result
- m. Print unofficial listing immediately after last competitor finishes
- n. Meet Jury at finish with complete unofficial listing and "Report by the Referee"
  - 1.) Assist Referee/Assistant Referee with review of Gate Judge Cards
  - 2.) Provide a copy of unofficial competitors' ranking for the Technical Delegate
  - 3.) Deliver DSQ list to announcer
- o. Publish Unofficial Results report
- p. After protest period verify appropriate action taken on DSQ's with computer operations
- q. Print/verify 2nd Run Start List or 1st Run Results
- r. Verify Race Administrator has been made aware of any Jury decisions that may require documentation (Jury Minutes), e.g. application of snow hardening agents, change in start order, change in start times, change in announced start intervals for Giant Slalom, Super G, Downhill Training and Downhill
- s. Although not necessarily part of your responsibilities, notify Race Administrator of any incidents that may require filing of injury reports
- 2. For Second Run of Two-Run Events
  - a. Assist TD with synchronization checks; assist with completion of "Timing & Data Technical Report" data
  - b. Verify 2nd Run cutoffs
  - c. Verify accuracy of Second Run Start List.
    - 1.) "Bibbo"; check for ties at last position of flipped group (30<sup>th</sup> or 15<sup>th</sup>)
    - 2.) Verify start order of ties outside of "bibbo"
    - 3.) For <u>U.S. scored non-FIS</u> events, verify if 1<sup>st</sup> DNF/DSQ competitors are included on 2<sup>nd</sup> Run Start List
      - a.) Suggested Procedure for Tracking 1st Run DNF, DSQ athletes in 2nd Run: The Chief of Timing & Calculations and the Race Administrator/Data Manager account for all competitors, and the U.S. Technical Delegate Report requires documentation of these calculations. For events where 1st- run DNF, DSQ athletes are allowed to start in the 2nd run, this can create a unique challenge. Some Technical Delegates may instruct the Chief of Timing & Calculations to stop recording after all valid 2nd-run starters have completed their run. This will result in an incomplete record of the event, so the following is suggested as an alternative procedure.
        - Start Referee notifies Timing when last valid 2nd-run starter has left the start

- Chief of Timing & Calculations or assistant makes appropriate notations in the DNS and DNF sections of the Report by the Referee
- Report by the Referee will now concisely reflect how many actual 2<sup>nd</sup>-run DNS and DNF competitors are to be considered in calculation of "Finishers/Total Ranked on Result".

The following is suggested method. Chief of Timing or assistant may use recording method of their choice; e.g.: End 2<sup>nd</sup> Run, Run 1 Racers, etc.

H:mm	-		H:mm			m/dd	lyy		Unterschrift des Schiedsrichter S/				
d'affichage / Anschlagzeit									Signature du jude arbitre				
Time published / Heure			Deadline /	Délai / Abla	auf I	Date	/ Date / Dati	im	Signature Referee				
2nd Run complete	6	15	21	34									
65	72	77	81	82									
Did not finish (No.)/Pas à l'arrivée (No.)/Nicht im Ziel (Nr.)			1	7	2	3	29	31	37	41	45	49	52
2nd Run complete	18	34	42										
Did not start (No.)/Pas au départ (No.)/Nicht am Start (Nr.)			4	27									

- d. Complete additional duties performed during 1st run
- e. If time permits, complete hand calculation of Penalty and include calculation draft when meeting with Technical Delegate after race.

#### VII. Update and Review

#### A. Timing & Data Technical Report Requirement Change

A Timing and Data Technical Report is now required for <u>all</u> levels of U.S. Ski & Snowboard events – both non-scored and scored. Use of the FIS TDTR software is strongly encouraged.

A copy of the calculation(s) required for Replacement Time(s) (EET) must accompany the TDTR submitted to the above U.S. Ski & Snowboard Region/Division representatives.

#### B. Timing at Start & Finish

U611.25 has been amended to allow use of transmitters at start and finish for non-scored events.

#### C. FIS Penalty Calculation

The Category Adder will be published on the first page of each FIS Points List. A "Z-value" will no longer be considered for FIS Penalty calculation.

#### D. Protest and Monetary Sanctions

Protest fees for a protest that is upheld are returned to the protesting party. Protest fees for protests that are not upheld are to be submitted to U.S. Ski & Snowboard Competition Services and must be identified by event, date, codex and name of applicable protest/sanction; this requirement also applies to monetary sanctions that are collected on site. Tendered amount(s) will be forwarded to the FIS Office. [644.4]

#### E. **FIS Email Change**

Communications with FIS Office, e.g. Minutes of Protest, Sanctions, etc. are to be sent to <u>alpine@fisski.com</u>.

#### F. **FIS Office Communication**

- 1. For event changes, etc., written confirmation must come from the National Association; Organizers and Technical Delegates should not deal directly with the FIS Office.
- 2. Once a Jury is confirmed, however, and a program change is required, only the Technical Delegate should deal directly with the FIS Office; U.S. Ski & Snowboard Competition Services must also be notified of any changes.

#### G. Application of Time Penalty

**CR 223.3.1 - "A Time Penalty"** does not apply to Alpine events. It is a "general rule" and is applicable to Nordic.

#### H. FIS Base Points

Base Points <u>must not</u> be used for seeding or penalty calculation purposes.

- I. Factors: DH 1250 SL 720 GS 980 SG 1080 AC 1150
- J. **Electronic Equipment Setup:** The time of day times must be immediately and automatically sequentially recorded on printed strips at the maximum precision of the timing device according to the requirements for homologation.
- K. Rules and suggested procedures for U.S. dual/parallel and parallel events are available. Please refer to current editions of U.S. <u>ACR</u> and/or FIS <u>ICR</u>.
  - 1. **Dual Parallel Events** can be staged using either Giant Slalom (GS) or Slalom (SL) format. Two or more competitors race simultaneously side by side down two or more courses. Winners of each run do not advance into "brackets" or elimination-type finals. Overall winner is decided either by fastest time on course (1- run format) or fastest combined time (2-run format).
  - 2. **Parallels** can be staged using either Giant Slalom (GS) or Slalom (SL). Two or more competitors race simultaneously side by side down two or more courses with the winners advancing into "brackets" and elimination-type finals.
- L. FIS Points are calculated to 999.00. U.S. Ski & Snowboard uses 999.99 to indicate an athlete has no earned U.S. Points.
- M. Competitors qualified for the event must be entered and drawn for all Downhill Training runs.
- N. **Photo Finish Timing (611.3.2.2):** A Photo Finish System may be used to determine a competitor's finish time. In case of a failure of system "A" and "B", and where the competition has been recorded by the Photo Finish System, this time must be used in place of hand times (manual times) using a correction factor.

The correction factor is the difference between the time taken by the Photo Finish System and the electronic times (where possible) of the 3 competitors before the missed time. Where there are not 3 previous competitors then the time of a competitor(s) immediately after the missed time can be used.

The sum of the 3 (or less) time differences divided by 3 (or less) is applied to the photo finish time of the competitor without an electronic time.

The photo finish time is taken when any part of the competitor's body first crosses the finish line. **Photo finish result is only provided to the Jury!** 

- O. Start Rules: Early/Late Start rule violations and penalty [613.6, 613.7, 805.3 & 805.4]; Delayed Start rule violations and penalty [628.5]
- P. Not Permitted to Start [627.6]: How is it documented?
- Q. Results for Limited Finishes: How many racers have to finish in order for an event to be scored?
   1. U.S.: "Ghost" racers with maximum value points may be added to bring total of finishers to 5; no race penalty can be calculated when there are fewer than 3 finishers. [2017 Alpine Competition Guide: Rules for U.S. Race Penalty Calculations Fewer than Five Racers Finish.] *Penalty will have to be calculated manually; "ghost racers" must not be inserted into the race scoring software.*
  - 2. FIS: 5 must be classified; 3 must have FIS points. [4.4.4, Rules of the FIS Points]

#### R. FIS Penalty: (Refer to FIS List Cover Page and #39. FIS Penalty Calculation Form)

- 1. Understand procedure [4.4]
  - a. Identify event level
  - b. Select gender
  - c. Select event for Adder [4.4.7, 4.5]
- 2. Understand procedure when current seed points are above maximum value or do not exist:
  - a. Maximum value is assigned to competitors who are ranked in the top 10 in time whose actual seed points are above the maximum value
  - b. Maximum value is also assigned to competitors who are ranked in the top 10 in time and have not earned FIS points
- 3. Understand how to recognize and apply rules regarding ties in Penalty calculation
  - a. Tie 10th place in time: consider all ties to select best (lowest) 5 seed points
  - b. Tie 5th best (lowest) seed points higher race points
  - c. If competitors to whom maximum value has been assigned are being considered among the 5<sup>th</sup> best (lowest), competitors who had "actual" FIS Points are chosen first
- 4. Penalty calculations See CURRENT <u>RULES OF THE FIS POINTS</u>.
  - a. Minimum penalty where found [4.5]
  - b. Best 5 who start [4.4.2]
  - c. Best 5 *FIS Points* [4.4.3]
  - d. Less than 5 with FIS Points assignment of maximum value [4.4.4]
  - e. Negative penalty [4.5]
  - f. Rounding [4.4.8]
  - g. Alpine Combined [4.4.9]

- 5. Category Adders and Minimum Penalties [4.5] The relevant category adder is added to the calculated penalty. If the calculated penalty is less than the minimum, the minimum is assigned as the penalty.
- 6. At least five racers have to finish and at least three of them must have actual FIS points or the race penalty cannot be calculated and the event cannot be scored.

#### S. U.S. Penalty – NON-FIS EVENTS

- 1. Minimum Penalties for U.S.-scored events
  - a. The minimum penalty for a non-FIS U.S. race that meets minimum vertical drop requirements is 15.00. If the calculated penalty is lower than 15.00, the applied penalty shall be <u>15.00</u>. If the minimum vertical drop requirement is met, the minimum winning time requirement does not apply.
  - b. The minimum penalty for a non-FIS U.S. race that <u>does not</u> meet minimum vertical drop requirement but <u>does</u> meet minimum winning time requirement as published in the <u>2016</u> <u>Alpine Competition Guide</u> is 30.00. If the calculated penalty is lower than 30.00, the applied penalty shall be <u>30.00</u>.
  - c. If <u>both</u> of the published standards the minimum vertical drop requirement <u>and</u> the minimum winning time requirement are not met, then the <u>greater</u> of the <u>calculated</u> <u>penalty plus</u> an <u>additional penalty</u> as published in the <u>2016 Alpine Competition Guide</u>, or the <u>minimum penalty</u> of <u>30.00</u> shall be applied.
- Calculation of a U.S. Penalty under particular circumstances
   a. Race fails to meet Vertical Drop, Minimum Time Requirements

#### MINIMUM VERTICAL DROP PER RUN:

#### ALTERNATE MINIMUM TIME STANDARDS AND ADDITIONAL PENALTY: EVENT MIN VD ALT MIN TIME ADDITIONAL PENALTY DH\* 60 seconds combined/max 2 runs 26.00 400 m SL 100 m 50 seconds combined for 2 runs 12.00 GS 250 m 50 seconds combined for 2 runs 17.00 SG 300 m 40 seconds for 1 run 21.00

#### NOTE: DH "combined/max 2 runs" does not eliminate 60-second minimum time for a 1-run DH.

- b. Fewer than ten racers finish, a minimum race penalty shall be applied regardless of the calculated penalty, as follows:
  - 1.) DH 180
  - 2.) SG 135
  - 3.) GS 110
  - 4.) SL 80
  - 5.) AC 125
- c. When at least five racers with valid U.S. points finish, but one or more has points over the maximum value, assign points at the maximum value as follows, prior to completing the calculation:
  - 1.) DH 820
  - 2.) SG 660
  - 3.) GS 530
  - 4.) SL 360

5.) AC – 660

- d. When fewer than five racers in the first 10 have valid U.S. points
  - 1.) Assign maximum value in order to bring the total of racers with points to five
  - 2.) Remember maximum value is also assigned to any of the best five whose actual U.S. points are above the maximum level
- e. When fewer than five racers finish, penalty must be calculated manually:
  - 1.) Insert "ghost" racers in order to reach a total of five
  - 2.) Assign maximum U.S. points to each "ghost"
  - 3.) Assign race points equal to those of the lowest ranked (slowest time) finisher
  - 4.) Calculate penalty according to the form.

### RACE PENALTY CANNOT BE CALCULATED WITH FEWER THAN THREE FINISHERS!

T. START STOP/YELLOW FLAG STOP Procedures: Ski Patrol personnel assigned to the event – not Team Doctors, Team Captains, spectators, etc. - are "first responders" to a competitor requiring medical assistance; this also applies to manual/hand timekeeping personnel.

#### VIII. MISCELLANEOUS FIS RACE PENALTY INFORMATION

FIS-level Chiefs of Timing & Calculation must be aware of minimum/maximum Penalties that apply to the race being scored. The minimum is the lowest Penalty at which the event will be entered into the Points List. If the calculated Penalty is lower than the minimum, the minimum figure must be used. If the calculated Penalty is greater than the minimum, the calculated figure is used. Maximum/minimum Penalties can be found on the cover of the FIS Points List.

**Category Adder and Minimum Penalty:** The relevant adder - competition level, gender and event specific - is added to the calculated Penalty. If the calculated Penalty is less than the minimum, then the minimum Penalty is applied.

#### IX. FIS TIMING REQUIREMENTS (Refer to most current edition of FIS "Timing Booklet" available in "Miscellaneous Study Guide Forms" on U.S. website or in Timing section of FIS website.)

**Intermediate Timing:** It is best to co-ordinate with the Technical Delegate and the race jury for placement of cells. To avoid the cells being triggered by anyone other than the competitors, it is recommended that the person responsible for that intermediate timing point use a push-button to arm the photocells only when a competitor crosses the line. When wiring for an intermediate, confirm that the momentary switch gets wired into the signal side of the wire, not the ground.

## U.S. SKI & SNOWBOARD TIMING CHECKLIST

Interconnects	1. Is there wire? Does it work? Are you sure?
<u>Equipment</u>	<ol> <li>Is the equipment on the current list of timing equipment homologated by the FIS Timing Working Group? (<u>http://data.fis-ski.com/services/timing-and-data/homologated-timing-equipment.html</u>)</li> </ol>
<u>Setup</u>	3. Do the timer tapes each report times to the maximum precision of the timing device according to the requirements for homologation?
<u>Software</u>	4. If timing software is used to calculate times, is it calculating net times using the precision of ToD as used in the timing device?
Hand Timing	5. Is hand timing that records to 1/100th (.01) precision available?
<u>Quality</u>	6. Is the timing crew aware that hand times, even if not used, should be within acceptable limits?
<u>Start Gate</u>	<ul> <li>7. Does the Start Gate meet the following requirements? <ul> <li>a. Separate contacts?</li> <li>b. One wand?</li> <li>c. Installed at proper height?</li> <li>d. Are identical Start Gate mechanism &amp; Wand available for replacement?</li> <li>e. Is the placement marked on the Start Posts?</li> <li>f. Are the Start Posts solidly installed?</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<u>Finish Eyes</u>	<ul> <li>8. Do the Finish Photocells meet the following requirements? <ul> <li>a. Are 2 sets available?</li> <li>b. Are 4 posts available for mounting photocells?</li> <li>(2 are acceptable; replacements must be available)</li> <li>c. Is the vertical separation between the beams no greater than 20cm?</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<u>Power On</u>	9. Is the Power-On Time (this is the "warm-up" time, which is not the same as the Synchronization Time) done at least 30 minutes prior to synchronization in order to allow the quartz time bases to stabilize?
Synchronization	10. Have system A and System B been synchronized no more than one hour (60 minutes) prior to first racer start time for each run?
	11. Has the synchronization been performed from one single contact switch for all timing devices?
<u>Systems</u>	12. If System A fails, is the timing crew aware of the requirement to use System B times to calculate a replacement time (EET)? Are they aware that manual timekeeping is not used to calculate a replacement time (EET) unless both System A and System B fail?



# Timing & Data Technical Report Alpine To accompany the TD report please transmit Immediately only as XML and NOT as PDF or NOT in paper format to FIS.

Location Sun Valley, ID Nation USA Event name U. S. Alpine Championships Race Date 25.3.2016		ion S	C - National Cha L - Slaiom len 0290	mpionships		Season Race Codex	2016 1514		
	Brand	Model		Serial No		Homologatio	n No		
Systm A Timer (at finish)	TAG HEUER	CP 540		2004		TAG.070T.08			
System B Timer (at finish)	TAG HEUER	CP 540		2298		TAG.070T.08			
Timer A Start (If used)					-				
Timer B Start (if used)									
Start Gate	TAG HEUER	HL7-1		995	11	TAG.\$54.03			
Finish Cell A	TAG HEUER	HL 2-35	R-E	193	-	TAG L48.03	-		
Finish Cell B	TAG HEUER	HL 2-35	R-E	194		TAG.L48.03			
Result software	Software company		Software very	las	Т				
Result autware	VOLA		SkiAlp Pro ver			1990	1000		
Connection to start	System	A	S	rstem B	T	Voice connection			
	Cable		Cable		Cable				
Power On Time	07:30 Al least	30 minutes before	Synchronization.		0.00				
S 1.31		1st Rur	1	_		2nd Run			
Time of day expressed in thousandths.	System A (TOD)	System B (	TOD) Hand	System A (TO	DD) Syn	stem B (TOD)	Hand		
Syncronisation time	10:21:00		07:48:00	13:23:00			07:48:00		
Sync confirm at +1 minute	10:22:00.1363	10:22:00.136	4	13:23:59.6670	13:2	3:59.6675	1		
Start TOD First Competitor	10:34:57.3461	10:34:57.345	2 Net Tim	e 13:30:00.7645	13.3	0:00 7649	Net Time		
Finish TOD First	10:35:51.0207	10:35:51.020	7 0.53.67	13:30:56.2134	13:3	0:56.2230	0:55.44		
Hand Time First Competitor	BIB First 1		0.53.59	BIB First 47			0.55.59		
Start TOD Last Competitor	11:54:25.2824	11:54:25.281	9 Net Tim	14:21:49.0383	14:2	1:49.0376	Net Time		
Finish TOD Last	11:55:43.9281	11:55:43.923	3 1:18.64	14:22:51.0578	14:2	2:51.0589	1:02:01		
Hand Time Last Competitor	BIB Last 83		1:18.62	BIB Last 83			1:02.26		
Best Run System A		BIB 5	0:53.77		BIB	5	0:51.98		
Were all results from system	n A? Yes X No		1.000						
Comments run 1	-		Comments	run 2		-			
We certify that the timing ar	d calculations of this	s event adher	ed to the FIS ru	les. Yes X	No				
Technical Delegate	The state of the s	f of Timing		the second s	Company	1			
Name/Nation Greg Williams TD No 385		hone 603	tion Howard Matt (USA) Company F				liming SA)		

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### **Alpine Skiing**

### 2017/2018

### 1st FIS points list 2017/2018

#### Valid from 01-07-2017 to 09-08-2017

Category/Catégorie/Kategorie	Race level	Minimum penalty	Maximum penalty
WSC,OWG,WC	0	0.00	0.00
СОМ	0	0.00	4.00
FQUA,EQUA	0	9.00	999.00
EC,WJC,ECOM,ANC,FEC,SAC,UVS,NAC	1	6.00	999.00
NC	2	8.00	999.00
NJC,NJR,CISM,FIS,CIT,UNI,JUN,CORP,YOG,AWG	3	9.00	999.00
ENL	4	40.00	999.00

MEN						GE	LADIES								
ADDER Z-Value					Mer		ADDER								
Disc.	Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4		F Value Max points [		Disc.	Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	
DH	0	0	2	3	13	0.00	1250.00	310.00	DH	0	0	2	3	13	0.00
SL	0	0	2	3	13	0.00	720.00	145.00	SL	0	0	2	3	13	0.00
GS	0	0	2	3	13	0.00	980.00	200.00	GS	0	0	2	3	13	0.00
SG	0	0	2	3	13	0.00	1080.00	250.00	SG	0	0	2	3	13	0.00
AC	0	0	2	3	13	0.00	1150.00	250.00	AC	0	0	2	3	13	0.00

FÉDÉRATION INTERNATIONALE DE SKI INTERNATIONAL SKI FEDERATION INTERNATIONALER SKI VERBAND

TC3.17-18



PENALTY CALCULATION CALCUL DE LA PENALITE PUNKTEZUSCHLAGSBERECHNUNG

	of Event								
	événemen	-							
	der Verans	staltung							
Date			Event		lame of t				
Date			Événement		lom du D	-			
Datum			Veranstaltung	N	lame des	TDs			
	-	-	neilleurs à l'arrivée/ / D	ie best	_				
Result	Number	Name			Time	Nat	FIS-Points	Best 5	Race points
Résultat Resultat		Nom Name			Temps Zelt	Nat	Points FIS FIS-Punkte	5 mellleurs 5 besten	Pts de course Rennpunkte
resourcer	Hammer	Prenties			Len	THER	110-Politice	o besten	reimperinte
					_				
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The bes	st 5 at star	t / 5 meill	eurs points FIS au dép	art / Di	ie 5 bester	FIS-P	unkte am Sta	irt	
						+			
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						+			
TOTAL	S / TOTALS	S/SUMM	IEN						
(B)			t 5 at start						
,2,	Points FI	S des 5 n	neilleurs au départ Punkte am Start						
(A)			t 5 to finish in top 10						Τ
(^)	Points FI	'S des 5 n	neilleurs dans les pren Punkte aus den ersten	niers 10	0				
(C)	Race Points of corresponding competitors Points compétition de ces concurrents								
     			ntsprechenden Wettkä	impfer					
Calcula	ted penalt	y / P <u>énal</u> i	<u>té calcu</u> lée / Be <u>rechne</u>	ter Zus	schlag				
Α		в	- C		=		: 1	0 =	
Catego	ry Adder /	Additif de	catégorie / Kategorie-	Adder					
Penalty	y applied	/ Pénalit	é appliquée / Angew	andter	r Punktez	uschlag	9		
Signat	ture TD /	Signati	ure du DT / Unters	chrift (	des TDs				Nr/No/Nr
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