2014 USSA Club Excellence Conference May 14, 2014

Alpine S.W.O.T. Analysis

Evaluating national athletic success from grassroots development to transitioning into elite competitions and the national team.

Strengths

- Skiing is fun
- Number of participants
- Family Orientation
 - Life long sport
- Challenging
- Life skills
 - Teaches how to deal with adversity
 - Teaches independence
 - Teaches relationship building athletes and coaches Teaches risk/reward evaluation
 - Teaches hard work/work ethic
 - Teamwork
- Coolest gear
- Social aspects
- Outdoor activity
- Promotes healthy lifestyle
- Part of a larger community
- Development levels give something to aspire to
- Seasonal at the development level allows for participation in multiple sports
- Success at the top level leads to role models for development levels
- Excitement factor even at development levels
- Venues excellent nationwide
- Well developed competitive structure
- Club Diversity different models for success
- Opportunity to travel
- Access to sport science
- Educated and passionate coaches
- Independence teaching to the athletes
- Developed club system leads to professional coaches at most levels
- Governing body

Weaknesses

- Gap at U16 between the elite level and the club level
- EXPENSE
- Geographical challenges

Injuries (opportunity)

- Difficult profession to make ends meet coaches
 - o Difficult to recruit national team coaches when clubs are paying more
- Academic challenges
- Not the most prominent sport in the United States
- Small career path for elite level athletes
- Lack of integration with college system two separate systems
- Depth and numbers
- Misalignment with sport science race starts vs LTAD
- Lack of media exposure for the development levels
- Parent involvement high and younger levels leads to over involvement

Governing body –

- Membership benefits
- o Membership cost
- o Website
- Dual missions elite performance and grassroots focus how do you align both?
- Elite team cost still paying to be involved at a high level
- Taking Elite level skiers from away clubs over emphasis on early results (too early)
- Culturally unsustainable model running a European model on US athletes
- o Elite athletes not returning to their regions
- o Rules moving targets with selection criteria and equipment rules
- Lack of transparency
- o Age change lack of participation in races and increased drop out
- Lack of stakeholder involvement in major decisions
- Lack of access for US athletes to NCAA ski teams
- Loss of industry participation at the grassroots level
- Seasonal at the grassroots level vs year round at the elite level
- Difficulty of hosting speed events

Opportunities

- Untapped resources athletes doing non-USSA racing
- Better alignment with PSIA and NCAA and USCSA
 - o College model integration use of resources
- Expense control some of it is under our control
 - Streamline the competition pipelines minimize the travel expense calendar reform – selection reform
 - Clubs helping clubs collaboration
 - Sponsorships, venues, business opportunities collaboration
- Media coverage not relying on traditional resources
- Recognizable stars
- Branding
- Captive parental audience –

Threats

- Climate change
- Cost structure
- Non-USSA racing organizations
- Video games growing levels of distracted/less active kids
- Less expensive/more accessible sports school sports
- Sport Culture in the US
- Early specialization
- School/teacher flexibility
- Rising cost for athletes and organizations
- Loss of volunteers due to more professional clubs loss of community involvement
- Insurance/litigious nature of our society
- Mistrust between involved parties lack of buy in within regions/programs/USSA/clubs
- Rising barriers to entry lift ticket cost, equipment rental cost
- Not extrinsically rewarding enough at younger ages lack of instant gratification
- Uneducated parents
- Ski area involvement ski area priorities